```
Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
```

LOGINID:ssspta1653lxm

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
******** Welcome to STN International ****
             Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 1
             "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 2
NEWS 3 Feb 24 PCTGEN now available on STN
NEWS 4 Feb 24 TEMA now available on STN
NEWS 5 Feb 26 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS 6 Feb 26 PCTFULL now contains images
NEWS 7 Mar 04 SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS 8 Mar 24 PATDPAFULL now available on STN
NEWS 9 Mar 24 Additional information for trade-named substances without
         structures available in REGISTRY
NEWS 10 Apr 11 Display formats in DGENE enhanced
NEWS 11 Apr 14 MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 12 Apr 17 Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS 13 Jun 13 Indexing from 1947 to 1956 added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 14 Apr 21 New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in
         WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS 15 Apr 28 RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
NEWS 16 May 05 Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names
         added to PHAR
NEWS 17 May 15 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 18 May 15 Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated
NEWS 19 May 19 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA
NEWS 20 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and
         right truncation
NEWS 21 Jun 06 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB
NEWS 22 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data
NEWS 23 Jun 20 2003 edition of the FSTA Thesaurus is now available
NEWS 24 Jun 25 HSDB has been reloaded
NEWS 25 Jul 16 Data from 1960-1976 added to RDISCLOSURE
NEWS 26 Jul 21 Identification of STN records implemented
NEWS 27 Jul 21 Polymer class term count added to REGISTRY
NEWS 28 Jul 22 INPADOC: Basic index (/BI) enhanced; Simultaneous Left and
         Right Truncation available
NEWS 29 AUG 05 New pricing for EUROPATFULL and PCTFULL effective
         August 1, 2003
```

NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6:01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability

NEWS INTER General Internet Information ,

NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items

NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN

NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that

specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:36:12 ON 11 AUG 2003

=> file registry

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21 0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:36:29 ON 11 AUG 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 8 AUG 2003 HIGHEST RN 563538-18-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 8 AUG 2003 HIGHEST RN 563538-18-1

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> s aeararraaaraaraara/sqep

0 AEARARRAARAARAARA/SQEP 97158 SOL=18

L1 0 AEARARAAARAARAARA/SQEP (AEARARRAAARAARAARAARA/SQEP AND SQL=18)

=> s AEARARRAAARAARA/SQsP

L2 0 AEARARRAAARAARAARA/SQSP

=> s araarraaraaararaea/sqsp

L3 0 ARAARRAARAAARARAEA/SQSP

=> s ARAARRAARAAARAAAARAEA/SQEP 0 ARAARRAARAAARAAARAEA/SQEP 97158 SQL=18

.4 0 ARAARRAARAAARARAEA/SQEP (ARAARRAARAAARARAEA/SQEP AND SQL=18)

=> s arraaraaarraraea

L5 0 ARRAARAAARRARAEA

=> s arraaraaarraraea/sqsp or arraaraaarraraea/sqep

3 ARRAARAAARRARAEA/SQSP 2 ARRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP 40731-SQL=16 - - -

2 ARRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP (ARRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP AND SQL=16)

L6 3 ARRAARAAARRARAEA/SQSP OR ARRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP

=> s crraaraaarraraea

L7 0 CRRAARAAARRARAEA

=> s CRRAARAAARRARAEA/sqep or CRRAARAAARRARAEA/sqsp 1 CRRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP 40731 SQL=16

> 1 CRRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP (CRRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP AND SQL=16) 1 CRRAARAAARRARAEA/SQSP

L8 1 CRRAARAAARRARAEA/SQEP OR CRRAARAAARRARAEA/SQSP

=> s 16 or 18

L9 4 L6 OR L8

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

142.04 142.25

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:39:47 ON 11 AUG 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Aug 2003 VOL 139 ISS 7 FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Aug 2003 (20030810/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 19

L10 2 L9

=> d 110 1-2 all

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2001:178433 CAPLUS

DN 134:217197

TI Heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects

IN Harris, Robert B.; Sobel, Michael

PA Commonwealth Biotechnologies, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 36 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,877,153.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K038-00

NCL 514013000

CC 1-8 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 6200955

B1 20010313

US 1998-166930 19981006

US 5877153

A 19990302

US 1996-660592 19960611

JP 1999-285185 19991006

CA 2257614

AA 19971218

CA 1997-2257614 19970603

EP 999219

A2 20000510

EP 1999-119514 19991001

EP 999219

A3 20000524

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2000136202 A2 20000516 PRAI US 1996-660592 A2 19960611

US 1998-166930 A 19981006

AB Heparin antagonist peptides are disclosed. The heparin-binding peptides of the invention specifically neutralize heparin's conventional anticoagulant properties without causing deleterious hemodynamic side-effects or exacerbation of the proliferative vascular response to injury. More specifically, the heparin-binding compds. of the invention are short-duration drugs to be used in elective or emergency situations which can safely and specifically neutralize heparin's conventional anticoagulant properties without causing deleterious hemodynamic side-effects or exacerbation of the proliferative vascular response to injury.

ST peptide heparin binding anticoagulant neutralization

IT Cell proliferation

Drug delivery systems

Hemostatics

Molecular association

Molecular modeling

Thermodynamics

(heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT Oligosaccharides, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL

(Biological study); PROC (Process)

(pentasaccharides, heparin pentasaccharide unit structure; heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT Blood vessel

(smooth muscle; heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT Drug delivery systems

(topical; heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 109319-16-6

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (K569-I580 peptide; heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 329358-77-2 329358-78-3 329358-79-4 329358-80-7 329358-81-8 329358-82-9 329358-83-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(Unclaimed, heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 9000-94-6, Antithrombin III

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(and K121-A134 peptide; heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies-

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 141509-39-9P 267419-40-9P 267419-42-1P 267419-44-3P 267419-45-4P 268539-71-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 9004-10-8, Insulin, biological studies 268539-65-7 268539-69-1 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 9002-05-5, Blood coagulation factor Xa

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

IT 329688-19-9

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; heparin binding peptides for neutralization of heparin anticoagulant activity without deleterious side-effects)

## RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Anon; WO 9513083 1995 CAPLUS
- (2) Anon; WO 9747312 1997 CAPLUS
- (3) Harris; US 5877153 1999 CAPLUS

### L10 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1998:13853 CAPLUS

DN 128:93197

TI Novel heparin-binding peptides

IN Harris, Robert B.; Sobel, Michael

PA Commonwealth Biotechnologies, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K038-00

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 34

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 9747312 A1 19971218 WO 1997-US9037 19970603
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW GH KE IS MW SD SZ LIG AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB

RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 5877153 A 19990302 US 1996-660592 19960611 CA 2257614 AA 19971218 CA 1997-2257614 19970603 AU-9732167 A1 19980107 AU 1997-32167 19970603 EP 907368 A1 19990414 EP 1997-927795 19970603 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI

JP 2001503018 T2 20010306 JP 1998-501628 19970603 PRAI US 1996-660592 A 19960611

WO 1997-US9037 W 19970603

- AB The present invention provides heparin antagonist peptides. The heparin-binding peptides of the present invention specifically neutralize heparin's conventional anticoagulant properties without causing deleterious hemodynamic side effects or exacerbation of the proliferative vascular response to injury. More specifically, the heparin-binding compds of the present invention are short-duration drugs to be used in elective or emergency situations which can safely and specifically neutralize heparin's conventional anticoagulant properties without causing deleterious hemodynamic side effects or exacerbation of the proliferative vascular response to injury.
- ST heparin inhibitor peptide sequence
- IT Anticoagulants (inhibitors of, novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT Protein sequences (novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT Peptides, biological studies
   RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT Drug delivery systems (topical, novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT Amino acids, biological studies
  RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses) (D-; novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT 200888-86-4D, acetyl and succinyl derivs. 200888-87-5D, acetyl and succinyl derivs. 200888-88-6D, acetyl and succinyl derivs.
  - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
    - (novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
  - (novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)
- IT 9004-10-8, Insulin, biological studies
  - RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (novel heparin-binding peptides for neutralizing the anticoagulant effect of heparin)

Connecting via Winsock to Dialog

Logging in to Dialog

Trying 31060000009999...Open

DIALOG INFORMATION SERVICES PLEASE LOGON:

\*\*\*\*\*

ENTER PASSWORD:

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Welcome to DIALOG

Dialog level 02.18.00D

Last logoff: 09aug03 11:19:34 Logon file405 11aug03 11:32:10 \*\*\* ANNOUNCEMENT \*\*\*

--File 654 - US published applications from March 15, 2001 to the present are now online. Please see HELP NEWS 654 for details.

\*\*\*

--File 581 - The 2003 annual reload of Population Demographics is complete. Please see Help News581 for details.

\*\*\*

-File 990 - NewsRoom now contains February 2003 to current records. File 992 - NewsRoom 2003 archive has been newly created and contains records from January 2003. The oldest months's records roll out of File 990 and into File 992 on the first weekend of each month. To search all 2003 records BEGIN 990, 992, or B NEWS2003, a new OneSearch category.

--Connect Time joins DialUnits as pricing options on Dialog. See HELP CONNECT for information.

\*\*\*

--SourceOne patents are now delivered to your email inbox as PDF replacing TIFF delivery. See HELP SOURCE1 for more information.

--Important news for public and academic libraries. See HELP LIBRARY for more information.

\*\*\*
--Important Notice to Freelance Authors--

--Important Notice to Freelance Authors--See HELP FREELANCE for more information

NEW FILES RELEASED

- \*\*\*World News Connection (File 985)
- \*\*\*Dialog NewsRoom 2003 Archive (File 992)
- \*\*\*TRADEMARKSCAN-Czech Republic (File 680)

1

- \*\*\*TRADEMARKSCAN-Hungary (File 681)
- \*\*\*TRADEMARKSCAN-Poland (File 682)

UPDATING RESUMED

\*\*\*

RELOADED

\*\*\*Population Demographics -(File 581)

```
***CLAIMS Citation (Files 220-222)
REMOVED
  >>> Enter BEGIN HOMEBASE for Dialog Announcements <<<
  >>> of new databases, price changes, etc.
* * * * See HELP NEWS 225 for information on new search prefixes
and display codes
SYSTEM:HOME
Cost is in DialUnits
Menu System II: D2 version 1.7.9 term=ASCII
           *** DIALOG HOMEBASE(SM) Main Menu ***
Information:
 1. Announcements (new files, reloads, etc.)
 2. Database, Rates, & Command Descriptions
 3. Help in Choosing Databases for Your Topic
 4. Customer Services (telephone assistance, training, seminars, etc.)
 5. Product Descriptions
Connections:
 6. DIALOG(R) Document Delivery
 7. Data Star(R)
  (c) 2000 The Dialog Corporation plc
                                       All rights reserved.
   /H = Help
                   /L = Logoff
                                   /NOMENU = Command Mode
Enter an option number to view information or to connect to an online
```

service. Enter a BEGIN command plus a file number to search a database (e.g., B1 for ERIC). ? b 410

11aug03 11:32:11 User268147 Session D130.1 \$0.00 0.155 DialUnits FileHomeBase \$0.00 Estimated cost FileHomeBase \$0.00 Estimated cost this search \$0.00 Estimated total session cost 0.155 DialUnits

File 410:Chronolog(R) 1981-2003/Aug (c) 2003 The Dialog Corporation

? set hi %%%;set hi %%% HILIGHT set on as " HILIGHT set on as " ? b 5, 34, 155, 172 11aug03 11:32:23 User268147 Session D130.2 \$0.00 0.071 DialUnits File410 \$0.00 Estimated cost File410 **\$0.04 TELNET** 

Set Items Description

\$0.04 Estimated cost this search \$0.04 Estimated total session cost 0.226 DialUnits

SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch

File 5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2003/Aug W1

(c) 2003 BIOSIS

File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Aug W1

(c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info

File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2003/Aug W2

(c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corp.

\*File 155: Medline has been reloaded and accession numbers have changed. Please see HELP NEWS 155.

File 172:EMBASE Alert 2003/Aug W2

(c) 2003 Elsevier Science B.V.

Set Items Description

7/9/1 (Item 1 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)

(c) 2003 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv. . .

11032797 BIOSIS NO.: 199799653942

High molecular weight kiningeen peptides inhibit the formation of

kallikrein on endothelial cell surfaces and subsequent

urokinase-dependent plamin formation.

AUTHOR: Lin Yingzhang; Harris Robert B; Yan Wuyi; McCrae Keith R;

Zhang Hong; Colman Robert W(a

AUTHOR ADDRESS: (a)Sol Sherry Thrombosis Res. Cent., Temple Univ. Sch.

Med., 3400 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, PA 19\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Blood 90 (2):p690-697 1997

ISSN: 0006-4971

RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: A sequence of 31 amino acids (S565-K595) in domain 6 of the light chain of high molecular weight kininogen (HK) has previously been shown to be responsible for the binding of plasma prekallikrein (PK) or kallikrein. To find effective peptides that might block binding between HK and PK on cell surfaces, a new series of synthetic peptides has now been prepared that incorporates portions of this binding domain sequence. For mapping the minimal sequence within HK, these new peptides were tested for their ability to compete with HK for binding PK in a cell-free system and on human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC). In the former, at pH 7.4, the kds for binding between kallikrein and either D567-K595, S565-P594, D567-S593, or D567-T591 were all similar to that for the binding of S565-K595 (0.2 to 0.4 mu-mol/L), but those for the binding of D568-K595, W569-K595, and D567-P589 were an order of magnitude greater (kd = 2 to 5 mu-mol/L). D567-S586, the shortest chain length of the N- and C-terminal truncation sequences tested, does not effectively compete with kiningeen for kallikrein binding (kd = 100 mu-mol/L). These results imply that D567-T591, a 25-residue peptide (HK25c), contains sufficient structural information for binding kallikrein in solution. D567-T591 also is the minimum structural sequence to block binding of kallikrein to HUVEC-bound HK (IC-50 =50 nmol/L) and to inhibit PK activation to kallikrein on the cell surface (IC-50= 80 nmol/L). In addition, D567-T591 also inhibits the generation of kallikrein-activated urokinase, which activates plasminogen to plasmin (IC-50 = 100 nmol/L). Thus, HK-derived peptides may be useful compounds for modulating excessive fibrinolysis and hypotension in sepsis and multiple trauma.

REGISTRY NUMBERS: 9001-01-8: KALLIKREIN; 9039-53-6: UROKINASE; 9001-90-5: PLASMIN

DESCRIPTORS:

MAJOR CONCEPTS: Blood and Lymphatics (Transport and Circulation);

Cardiovascular System (Transport and Circulation); Cell Biology;

Enzymology (Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics)

BIOSYSTEMATIC NAMES: Hominidae--Primates, Mammalia, Vertebrata, Chordata,

Animalia

ORGANISMS: human (Hominidae)

BIOSYSTEMATIC CLASSIFICATION (SUPER TAXA): animals; chordates; humans;

mammals; primates; vertebrates

CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS: KALLIKREIN; UROKINASE; PLASMIN

MISCELLANEOUS TERMS: Research Article; BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOPHYSICS;

BLOOD AND LYMPHATICS; CELL SURFACE; CIRCULATORY SYSTEM; FORMATION;

FORMATION INHIBITION; HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT; KALLIKREIN; KININOGEN

PEPTIDES; UMBILICAL VEIN ENDOTHELIAL CELL; UROKINASE-DEPENDENT PLASMIN

CONCEPT CODES:

02508 Cytology and Cytochemistry-Human

10808 Enzymes-Physiological Studies

14504 Cardiovascular System-Physiology and Biochemistry

15004 Blood, Blood-Forming Organs and Body Fluids-Blood Cell Studies

10064 Biochemical Studies-Proteins, Peptides and Amino Acids

BIOSYSTEMATIC CODES:

86215 Hominidae

7/9/2 (Item 2 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)

(c) 2003 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

11019571 BIOSIS NO.: 199799640716

Physical and biological significance of peptide sequences mediating the interaction between high molecular weight kiningeen and plasma prekallikrein.

AUTHOR: Colman Robert W(a), Lin Yingzhang; Yan Wuyi; McCrae Keith R; Shenoy

Shilpa S; Harris Robert B

AUTHOR ADDRESS: (a)Sol Sherry Thrombosis Res. Cent., Temple Univ. Sch.

Med., Philadelphia, PA 19140\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Immunopharmacology 36 (2-3):p193-200 1997

ISSN: 0162-3109

RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: HK31 (S565-K595) has previously been shown to encompass the binding domain for plasma prekallikrein (PK) within domain 6 of high molecular weight kiningeen (HK). The complementary binding domain for HK within PK is mapped to PK56 (F56-G86), in the Apple 1 domain and to PK266 (K266-C295) in the Apple 4 domain. Isothermal titration calorimetry demonstrated that either PK peptide binds to HK31 in 1:1 stoichiometry. Binding of the alternate PK peptide into a ternary complex is facilitated nearly 2-fold. Fluorescence emission spectroscopy revealed that only the binding of PK56 caused a limited decrease in intrinsic tryptophane fluorescence emission intensity of HK31. We conclude that the two PK peptides bind to the HK peptide at different sites. To map the minimal sequence within HK31, truncated new peptides were tested for their ability to compete with HK for binding PK in a cell-free system. D567-T591, a 25-residue peptide which contains sufficient structural information for binding kallikrein in solution, blocked the binding of kallikrein to HK bound to endothelial cells and inhibited PK activation to kallikrein and the generation of kallikrein-activated urokinase on endothelial cell surfaces. HK-derived peptides could modulate excessive fibrinolysis and hypotension in sepsis and multiple trauma.

REGISTRY NUMBERS: 9055-02-1: PREKALLIKREIN; 9001-01-8: KALLIKREIN; 9039-53-6: UROKINASE; 9001-90-5: PLASMIN DESCRIPTORS:

MAJOR CONCEPTS: Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Cardiovascular

System (Transport and Circulation); Cell Biology, Endocrine System

(Chemical Coordination and Homeostasis); Enzymology (Biochemistry and

Molecular Biophysics), Pharmacology

CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS: PREKALLIKREIN; KALLIKREIN; UROKINASE; PLASMIN

MISCELLANEOUS TERMS: Research Article; BINDING DOMAIN; CARDIOVASCULAR

SYSTEM; CIRCULATORY SYSTEM; ENDOCRINE SYSTEM; ENDOTHELIAL CELL;

ENZYMOLOGY; FIBRINOLYSIS; HIGH-MOLECULAR WEIGHT; HK31; KALLIKREIN;

KININOGEN; PEPTIDE SEQUENCES; PHARMACODYNAMICS; PLASMA; PLASMIN;

PREKALLIKREIN; S565-K595; UROKINASE

#### CONCEPT CODES:

02506 Cytology and Cytochemistry-Animal

10064 Biochemical Studies-Proteins, Peptides and Amino Acids

10806 Enzymes-Chemical and Physical

14504 Cardiovascular System-Physiology and Biochemistry

17020 Endocrine System-Neuroendocrinology (1972-)

22010 Pharmacology-Cardiovascular System

? s (sepsis or septic?) and "heparin binding"

91872 SEPSIS

108584 SEPTIC?

154 HEPARIN BINDING

S8 0 (SEPSIS OR SEPTIC?) AND "HEPARIN BINDING"

? s lps and "heparin binding"

78158 LPS

154 HEPARIN BINDING

S9 2 LPS AND "HEPARIN BINDING"

? type s9/full/all

9/9/1 (Item 1 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)

(c) 2003 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

13292390 BIOSIS NO.: 200100499539

Biologically active peptides from functional domains of

bactericidal/permeability-increasing protein and uses thereof.

AUTHOR: Little Roger G II(a)

AUTHOR ADDRESS: (a)Benicia, CA\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

Patents 1246 (2):pNo Pagination May 8, 2001

MEDIUM: e-file

PATENT NUMBER: US 6228834 PATENT DATE GRANTED: May 08, 2001 20010508

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Xoma Corporation PATENT COUNTRY: USA

ISSN: 0098-1133

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: The present invention provides peptides having an amino acid

sequence that is the amino acid sequence of a human

bactericidal/permeability-increasing protein (BPI) functional domain or a subsequence thereof, and variants of the sequence or subsequence thereof,

having at least one of the BPI biological activities, such as heparin

binding, heparin neutralization, LPS binding, LPS

neutralization or bactericidal activity. The invention provides peptides

and pharmaceutical compositions of such peptides for a variety of therapeutic uses.

## DESCRIPTORS:

MAJOR CONCEPTS: Pharmacology

CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS: bactericidal/permeability-increasing protein

--human; peptides--biologically active, pharmaceutical

MISCELLANEOUS TERMS: BPI amino acid sequence; BPI biological

activities--LPS binding, LPS neutralization, bactericidal activity, heparin binding, heparin neutralization

9/9/2 (Item 2 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)

(c) 2003 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

08865528 BIOSIS NO.: 199396017029

Partial biochemical characterization and purification of IgG2b inducing factor as a new cytokine from synovial fluid of patients with rheumatoid arthritis

AUTHOR: Abedi-Valugerdi M(a); Ridderstad A; Strom H; Moller G; Moller E AUTHOR ADDRESS: (a)Dep. Immunol., Arrhenius Lab. for Natural Sci, Stockholm Univ., S-10691 Stockholm\*\*Sweden

JOURNAL: Scandinavian Journal of Immunology 37 (4):p430-436 1993

ISSN: 0300-9475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: Rheumatoid arthritis synovial fluid (RA-SF) contains a novel biological activity, which selectively induces IgG2b antibody production in lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-activated mouse spleen cells in vitro and in vivo. Our previous studies have shown that this activity is not functionally identical to other well-known cytokines and interleukins. In this study we demonstrate the partial purification and biochemical characterization of the IgG2b inducing activity in RA-SF. Biochemical characterization revealed that the IgG2b inducing activity in RA-SF has the following properties: it is a protein, sensitive to pH gt 11 and lt 4, which is precipitated by 50% of saturated ammonium sulphate and has a molecular weight of 50-70 kDa; it binds to Cibacron-blue and heparin and its activity is not mediated by immunoglobulins or immune complexes, which are present in RA-SF. Biochemical characteristics of the IgG2b inducing activity also differ from other cytokines and interleukins. The term IgG2b inducing factor is proposed for this novel activity.

# REGISTRY NUMBERS: 7783-20-2: AMMONIUM SULFATE DESCRIPTORS:

MAJOR CONCEPTS: Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Blood and Lymphatics (Transport and Circulation); Clinical Immunology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Endocrine System (Chemical Coordination and Homeostasis); Methods and Techniques; Pathology; Physiology; Skeletal System (Movement and Support)

BIOSYSTEMATIC NAMES: Hominidae--Primates, Mammalia, Vertebrata, Chordata, Animalia

ORGANISMS: Hominidae (Hominidae)

BIOSYSTEMATIC CLASSIFICATION (SUPER TAXA): animals; chordates; humans; mammals; primates; vertebrates

CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS: AMMONIUM SULFATE

MISCELLANEOUS TERMS: AMMONIUM SULFATE PRECIPITATION; ANALYTICAL METHOD; CIBACRON-BLUE BINDING; GEL FILTRATION; HEPARIN BINDING;

IMMUNOGLOBULIN G2B; MOLECULAR MASS; PH EFFECT

### CONCEPT CODES:

- 10054 Biochemical Methods-Proteins, Peptides and Amino Acids
- 10064 Biochemical Studies-Proteins, Peptides and Amino Acids
- 10506 Biophysics-Molecular Properties and Macromolecules
- 12508 Pathology, General and Miscellaneous-Inflammation and Inflammatory Disease
- 15008 Blood, Blood-Forming Organs and Body Fluids-Lymphatic Tissue and Reticuloendothelial System
- 15010 Blood, Blood-Forming Organs and Body Fluids-Other Body Fluids

17002 Endocrine System-General
18006 Bones, Joints, Fasciae, Connective and Adipose Tissue-Pathology
34508 Immunology and Immunochemistry-Immunopathology, Tissue Immunology
10050 Biochemical Methods-General
10060 Biochemical Studies-General
10068 Biochemical Studies-Carbohydrates
10504 Biophysics-General Biophysical Techniques
BIOSYSTEMATIC CODES:
86215 Hominidae

?ds

S10

Items Description S1 0 S E1 OR S3 54 AU='HARRIS ROBERT' OR AU='HARRIS ROBERT B' S236 AU='WOLZ R L' OR AU='WOLZ RL' OR AU='WOLZ RUSSELL' OR AU='-WOLZ RUSSELL L' 15 AU='WOLZ G' OR AU='WOLZ G S' OR AU='WOLZ GABRIELLA' **S4 S**5 105 S2 OR S3 OR S4 108586 S5 AND SEPSIS OR SEPTIC? **S6 S7** 2 S5 AND (SEPSIS OR SEPTIC?) **S8** 0 (SEPSIS OR SEPTIC?) AND "HEPARIN BINDING" S9 2 LPS AND "HEPARIN BINDING"

0 AEARARRAARAARAARA